

## TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!

Breads advertised as absolutely pure  
CONTAIN AMMONIA.

## THE TEST:

Place a spoonful of the powder in a glass of water. If it bubbles up, it is pure. If it does not, it is adulterated with ammonia.



## DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.

ITS HEADLINES HAVE NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.

In a million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the commonest test, and it is still the same.

## THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,

HATERS OF

Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts.

The strongest, most delicate and purest flavor known.

Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Buns.

For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Yeast in the World.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS.

CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

1115

IN CASH

GIVEN AWAY

ATTENTION, SMOKERS!

All customers for the 25 premium cigarette

above named, offered by Blackwell's

Tobacco Co., must observe the following

conditions on which the premium is to be

awarded: All bags must bear our original

Blackwell's label, and the premium is to be

claimed. The bags must be done up

in a package with name and address

of the owner, and the number of bags contained

plainly marked on the outside. The package

must be sent to Blackwell's Tobacco Co.,

P. O. Box 100, New York, N. Y., before

December 1st, 1884. No matter where you

live, you can get the premium by sending

us the number of bags of tobacco you

have used, and the name of the dealer

from whom you bought it. The premium

will be sent to you by mail, and the

number of bags returned will be published

in the "Times" of New York, N. Y., and

the "Times" of New Orleans, N. Y., and

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## STILL WORSE AND WORSE

Wholesale Robbery, Adultery, and

Evidence of Murder.

## Mysterious Death of Two of the Burrows-Who Were the Murderers!

Bank Vault Empty-Burrows

Estate a Complete Wreck.

ALBION, N. Y., Aug. 28.—The innocent

recusant of the vault of the broken First

National Bank has been penetrated, and the

full result of President Warner's penitence

is known.

Nothing that he could do to invert into cash has

been left.

The now famous poisoning case has laid bare

the character of a mystery for some

time, perhaps forever. It is evident that the

excitement over Warner's flight and the

suspension of the bank is to be transferred

into a new channel, and Calkins is credited

with preparing the mine for an explosion.

The promised sentence concerns not only

the poisoning of young Burrows, but the

death of Alexander Stewart, which occurred

three years ago, after a long illness.

Stewart was a partner of Russell Burrows'

share of the millionaire's confidence, though

not to the degree that Warner did. He

was a friend in the bank and was a director,

and once held the position of cashier. Those

who possess the information necessary to

turn a good opinion of young Burrows, but the

death of Alexander Stewart could be of

no possible advantage to Warner. Yet this

is what is claimed by those who think

there is ground for issuing a warrant for the

arrest of Warner on a charge of murder.

In the Burrows case it is plain enough that

the young man was a victim of Warner's

speculative mania.

Still another sensation threatens the

community in the shape of charges that Warner

was not alone in his grand confidence. Nothing

more is said, only vague intimations are

directed against a relative of the Burrows,

who is actively engaged in tracing accounts

thought to have been hypochondriac in

New York.

The scandal connecting the name of War-

ner with that of Mrs. Smith, a young widow

of the Burrows family, has been rolled under

the tongue of the gossip for more than a

year. Warner was, no doubt, attracted to

her, and perhaps spent some hours in her society

that he should have spent at home, but that

there was anything in their relations that

was criminal, is not known. Mrs. Smith has

offered her horses and carriages for sale and

is prepared to earn a living for herself and

children. She is a very fine lady. Her brother

is a young man, never having been

obliged to work, will doubtless find it hard

to support a family.

To-day Wm. R. Calkins, who was accused

of poisoning Wm. R. Burrows, at Boston,

Mass., is being brought to this city. He is

said to have been acting for the defense, and

to have been acting for the defense, and

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## PROHIBITION IN IOWA.

A Saloon-keeper's Sentence-The

Law Pronounced Constitutional.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Aug. 28.—July 19,

Michael Griffin was convicted before Justice

of the Supreme Court of Iowa, on a charge

of selling liquor without a permit, on two counts, and

sentenced to pay a fine of \$80 and costs on

each count, and stay committed until the

fine and costs were paid. Thirty days having

expired, which is the limit of commitment by

a Justice of the Peace, he was brought before

Judge Given, of the Circuit Court, on habeas

corpus, and sought release. First, because the

Justice had no jurisdiction; second, because

he had been detained for thirty days; third,

because the law under which he was

convicted is unconstitutional. The Court

says the question is whether the defendant is

subjected to the payment of the costs and to

imprisonment until the fine and costs are

paid. It is claimed the imprisonment is pun-

ishment, and punishment is always different

or less of a punishment to the imprisoned, but

it does not follow that all imprisonment is

punishment, as when a person is

arrested to answer for a crime, he is not

subjected to a fine and costs. The Court

held that it is a civil case, and that the

Justice had jurisdiction. It follows, there-

fore, that the defendant can only be released

at the expiration of sixty days, unless he

pays the fine and costs. The imprison-

ment is not in contravention of the consti-

tution, for it is not in a civil case, and

is not a punishment. Judge McHenry, of the

District Court, and Judge Connor, of the

Circuit Court, concur in the decision.

Notice of appeal to the Supreme Court was

given. This makes eight district judges who

have decided this question this way, and op-

posed to Judge Given.

Union Prohibitionists.

LANSING, Mich., Aug. 28.—The Union Pro-

hibition Convention was called to order by

Samuel Dickie, Chairman of the State Con-

vention, and the Rev. M. M. Collier, of

Lansing, presided. The Rev. M. M. Collier,

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## THE FRENCH DEFEATED.

Surprised by a Force of Eighty Thou-

sand Men at Tonquin,

And Almost Completely Annihilated

-Official Report of the Bombard-

ment of Foo Chow gives 1,000

Chinese Killed and 3,000

Wounded.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—News is just received

from Shanghai to the effect that 90,000 Chinese

troops, who were secretly massed on the front-

iers, suddenly invaded Tonquin, and after

some desperate and bloody fighting, suc-

ceeded in completely annihilating the French

troops in that province. The Chinese lost

thousands killed during the different en-

gagements, which followed each other in

rapid succession.

According to the above, the massing of this

large force on the frontier has been going on

for some time under the supervision of ex-

perienced military leaders, as is well

Five hundred colored men of Baltimore repudiate Blaine.

This Secretary of the Treasury has called \$100,000 of the three per cent bonds.

Hon. Ben. Butterworth has accepted the Congressional nomination for the First Ohio district.

Governor Hinckley has accepted an invitation to make the opening address at the Peoria (Ill.) fair, September 17th.

John P. St. John was notified of, and accepted the prohibition nomination for the Vice Presidency.

The Democrats of Maine are making a still hunt. Meanwhile the Republicans are in a wango about some of their nominees for Congress.

Reports received at the Department of Agriculture show that the crops have been somewhat damaged by drouth in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Kentucky.

The Mt. Sterling Gazette says Henry L. Stone will not run for Congress in the Tenth district on the Republican ticket, and that he still claims to be a Democrat. Sorry to hear it.

This following is from the Callington Democrat: Hon. J. D. Kehoe, though defeated, was lionized by the convention. The opinion generally prevails that he will get there the next time.

Judge Harbison made a personal canvass and a strong fight for one of his opponents in the Cambridge Mercury. It is due to Judge Harbison to say that he was announced as a candidate early in March, his card appearing in this paper. Mr. Kehoe became a candidate sometime in July. The main part of the work was done by Judge Harbison before it was known that Mr. Kehoe would take the field.

A REPRESENTATIVE delegation of workingmen of New York presented to the National Democratic Committee corrections of two statements in Butler's letter of acceptance, viz: They declare that the Democratic platform contains every measure demanded of them, and that, through the efforts of Cleveland, "more has been granted to the workmen in the way of practical legislation than has been done by all the labor unions or political parties from the declaration of independence to this day."

The Ashland Express says: "Capt. Powers is a gentleman of thorough and extensive reading, well posted in the political history of the country, and is able at all times to give a reason for the faith that is in him. He is a firm and consistent hard working Democrat, devoted to the principles of the party, and yielding in their advocacy. Possessing acute business qualifications, indomitable industry and a stainless reputation, he will receive the undivided support of the Democracy, as well as many personal friends who are politically opposed to him. Capt. Power is no political trickster, nor has he been identified with any of the factions that heretofore divided the party, therefore his nomination is a concession all round, that former acrimony and discord shall be known no more in our ranks."

THE MOTHER HUBBARD CRUSADE.  
Country Prohibits the New Style Garment.

American Police Record.  
Some time ago called attention to the fact that the Mother Hubbard dress was causing a good deal of trouble to the police authorities of this city. As the Thomas H. Taylor, the efficient Chief of Police, kindly set us right on some matters regarding the dress crusade upon which it appears we were mistaken. But the Mother Hubbard difficulty does not end down and we note that it has spread all over the West. Since the recent proclamation of the Mayor of Omaha and Kansas City declaring the Mother Hubbard costume worn by the ladies indecent and vulgar, a vigorous crusade has been inaugurated against this costume throughout the West. In Omaha alone over thirty arrests of women found walking in the streets attired in Mother Hubbards have been made, and in nearly every instance the wearers were fined in sums ranging from \$5 to \$10 and costs under the charge of appearing in public in indecent and unladylike costume. Similar arrests have been made in Council Bluffs, Des Moines, Burlington, Des Moines and Keokuk, Iowa; Kansas City, St. Joseph, Sedalia, Moberly and Hannibal, Missouri. Illinois has also caught this highly moral crusade. There have been made in Springfield, Jacksonville, Bloomington, Quincy and Decatur. The ladies offending, however, have in most instances been dissuaded with a mere reprimand. Mattoon's Chief of Police has issued an order that any woman appearing on the streets in a Mother Hubbard dress would be arrested and lodged in jail. The reason given is that the costume is improper, tends to an indecent exposure of the person, and that it is a demoralizing effect. A number of lesser cities have issued similar orders, and in a few instances the violations of the order have been arrested and incarcerated. These proceedings are causing a sensation among the fair warriors, who are very indignant.

## TELEGRAPH SERVICE.

## Rates Offered by Opposition Companies Under Consideration.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Postmaster General Gresham today in conference with General Manager Bates and Superintendent Nelson, of the United Telegraph lines, and Captain Whitney of the Western Union Company, in regard to fixing a rate for Government telegraph service. Mr. Bates offered a day rate of 30 cents for 30 words for distances within 100 miles and 10 cents additional for 200 miles; beyond that distance up to a maximum rate of 50 cents for any distance. The night rate offered was 15 cents (or 30 words) any distance under 3,000 miles and 25 cents for any greater distance. For every 30 words in excess of 30 words an additional charge of one-fifth the respective rates above given is to be made. Mr. Bates thought that in view of this offer, which meets the terms suggested by the Senate Postoffice Committee in the Postal Telegraph Bill, the United States should be given all the Government business.

Captain Whitney, for the Western Union, claimed to be offering the Government lower rates than any other company and urged that the rates proposed by Mr. Bates could not be remunerative. The Postmaster General listened attentively to the arguments of both sides and promised to give them careful attention.

## "GORELY DESERVES CREDIT."

Serge Lieutenant P. G. Schwarka, of Arcite France.

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—A letter from Portland, Oregon, gives an interview with Lieutenant Frederick G. Schwarka, of Arcite France, on the Greely expedition. He says: "Greely deserves great credit for effecting the escape of his men and his own escape, but for this he was not responsible. His party was too large, and composed almost entirely of white men. Had there been but five or six white men and the remainder of the twenty-four Greenland Esquimaux, I have but little doubt that all the party would have escaped."

Lieutenant Schwarka reviewed the corps pursued by Greely, and gave it as his opinion that Greely did the best that could have been done, under the circumstances, in remaining at Cape Sabine. Regarding the cannibals, he said:

"Cannibals it is to be expected, under such circumstances, of course, and where it has been known to be resorted to, there is more or less wisdom in it. In this case the worst part of me is in the attempted concealment of the alleged fact, as though it were done in the first and first recorded instance of cannibalism in the Arctic. It took place in Sir John Franklin's party and it has been noted in other disastrous Polar expeditions."

## FRANCIS' CASE DROPPED.

The Governor Free, and Francis Still in the Penitentiary.

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 28.—United States District Judge J. G. Trice yesterday appeared at the Executive office Wednesday with a warrant for the arrest of Governor Ireland, issued in Galveston on the 19th inst., upon complaint of the people of Texas, a white man, who had been confined in the penitentiary four years for marrying a negro woman, and particularly the fact that he had been given by the United Press. The Governor said he would not resist arrest, but informed the Marshal that notwithstanding the warrant upon his face evidence of insanity, he doubted his authority to execute it. The Marshal then held a conference with District Attorney, calling on the Governor, said to him, and acting under the advice of the District Attorney, would go home and recommend that all proceedings in connection with this will end the suit.

## XENIA BANK FAILURE.

Second National Bank Closes Its Doors After a Big Run.

XENIA, O., Aug. 28.—The Second National Bank was closed today. The cashier, J. S. Anderson, has been engaged in grain deals with R. M. Stuart, who gave a heavy mortgage to the bank lately to secure its advances. The directors asked Anderson's resignation, he being proved and talked about otherwise. He left the next day for his brothers in Iowa. Reports of insolvency were made, and the bank was closed yesterday. Heavy money was short, and this morning the sign is an "Auk" closed today. The cashier says he is wealthy. The loss can't be great. The heaviest depositors are not secured. The little ones, however, are well. The bank did the largest business in the city, and had a large and profitable line of country deposits.

## TRAIN ROBBERS

Foiled by Twenty Men Armed with Winchester Rifles.

EL PASO, Tex., Aug. 28.—The Mexican Central passenger train, which arrived here last evening, was robbed of \$10,000. The train, 500 miles south. A stone was thrown into the train, supposedly to stop it, when a great number of horsemen were seen riding slowly on the track ahead. The train, led by a guard of twenty men armed with Winchester rifles, and they immediately prepared for an attack, but the robbers, seeing them, fled. The Pullman car headquarters at Paso Del Norte, across the river from here, was robbed Monday night. The loss has not been ascertained. It consisted of money and Pullman supplies.

## YOUTHFUL DEPRIVITY.

A Sixteen-Year-Old Boy Robs a Bank of \$10,000.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 28.—Some time between Saturday night and Monday morning the People's Bank was robbed of \$10,000. The robbery was committed by some person in possession of the combination, as the vaults and the money was discovered. The bank officials are confident that the criminal is Edward Mason, sixteen years old, a book keeper in the bank, who had been recently discharged. He was discovered. The said combination was in the possession of Cassius L. Mason, and how the boy secured it is a mystery.

## Nebraska Republicans.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 28.—The city is full of delegates to the State Republican convention. There is a lively contest for each place upon the ticket. The nomination of the officers, Secretary of State, both of the present incumbents being pretty certain of re-nomination. A number of nominations of Governor have been developed from two different quarters, and Henry T. Clark, of this city, and Congressman Valentine were prominent in mentioning. The question has been unable to agree upon either one, and the Deves following are candidates of success upon the first ballot.

## Stock Train Wrecked.

TOPKANA, Kan., Aug. 28.—A freight train east bound, was wrecked just east of the Archdean Topkapa & Santa Fe Railroad yards here, caused by the switchman leaving the switch open and going to sleep. The train was badly wrecked, and the engine and stock being killed, and seven cars and the engine wrecked. Arthur Lipp, engineer, was badly scalded about the head and feet, and had a severe concussion on the right side.

## Escapes from the Flood.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 28.—Samuel Schick, a school teacher, and his wife, Mary, and their children (Wm. H. and little daughter, Minnie, aged thirteen, in a woods near by. He choked her somewhat during the struggle, but she got away from him. The negro was captured and lodged in jail.

## Gordon Gains a Victory.

CAIRO, Aug. 28.—Major Kitchene telegraphs from Dongola that a great victory over the rebels August 11, and two rebel leaders were killed in the engagement.

## Base Ball.

Cincinnati Union 8, Kansas City Union 1; Metropolitan 6, Baltimore 1; Columbus 4, Louisville 3; Cleveland 9, New York 2; Chicago 4, Virginia 4; St. Louis Union 5, Pittsburgh Union 4; St. Paul 5, Milwaukee 0; St. Louis 1, Toledo 4; St. Paul 4, Brooklyn 3; Minneapolis 3, Winona 0; Hamilton 3, Dayton 1; Eaton 30, Richmond 1; Springfield 2, Portsmouth 1; Cincinnati 5, Indianapolis 4.

## THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 27.—Cotton—Midling, 10 1/2; Fair, 10 1/4; Good, 10 1/4; Very Good, 10 1/4; No. 3 red, 10 1/4; No. 3, 10 1/4; No. 4, 10 1/4; No. 5, 10 1/4; No. 6, 10 1/4; No. 7, 10 1/4; No. 8, 10 1/4; No. 9, 10 1/4; No. 10, 10 1/4; No. 11, 10 1/4; No. 12, 10 1/4; No. 13, 10 1/4; No. 14, 10 1/4; No. 15, 10 1/4; No. 16, 10 1/4; No. 17, 10 1/4; No. 18, 10 1/4; No. 19, 10 1/4; No. 20, 10 1/4; No. 21, 10 1/4; No. 22, 10 1/4; No. 23, 10 1/4; No. 24, 10 1/4; No. 25, 10 1/4; No. 26, 10 1/4; No. 27, 10 1/4; No. 28, 10 1/4; No. 29, 10 1/4; No. 30, 10 1/4; No. 31, 10 1/4; No. 32, 10 1/4; No. 33, 10 1/4; No. 34, 10 1/4; No. 35, 10 1/4; No. 36, 10 1/4; No. 37, 10 1/4; No. 38, 10 1/4; No. 39, 10 1/4; No. 40, 10 1/4; No. 41, 10 1/4; No. 42, 10 1/4; No. 43, 10 1/4; No. 44, 10 1/4; No. 45, 10 1/4; No. 46, 10 1/4; No. 47, 10 1/4; No. 48, 10 1/4; No. 49, 10 1/4; No. 50, 10 1/4; No. 51, 10 1/4; No. 52, 10 1/4; No. 53, 10 1/4; No. 54, 10 1/4; No. 55, 10 1/4; No. 56, 10 1/4; No. 57, 10 1/4; No. 58, 10 1/4; 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